



Jubilados

Organ of the National Coordinating Table of Retirees and Pensioners of the R.A.



UNITE AND FIGHT FOR OUR FIVE BASIC POINTS AND AN EMERGENCY INCREASE FOR ALL SCALES!

JUNE 15 WORLD DAY OF AWARENESS OF ABUSE AND MISTREATMENT OF ELDERLY ADULTS

The General Assembly of the United Nations, in its resolution 66/127, designates June 15 as World Awareness Day of Abuse and Mistreatment of the Elderly. It expresses worldwide the indisputable reality of the abuse and suffering to which older adults are subjected.

The increase in life expectancy, such an important achievement of humanity, requires measures that ensure the necessary and sufficient conditions to have an income necessary for subsistence, access to health, housing, education, culture, recreation, to guarantee autonomy and dignity at this stage of life. It is the fundamental responsibility of the State to implement public policies and adequate economic, social and health resources.

“Elder abuse and mistreatment” can be defined as the various forms of mistreatment that cause harm or suffering to an elderly person, or the lack of appropriate measures to prevent it.

The material base of the violence and mistreatment is exercised with a minimum retirement asset that only covers a third of a basic basket of

an older adult, which since April is \$97,238 and more than 70% of the retirement assets are below those basic needs.

The same happens with health with a PAMI, intervened by different governments, with innumerable problems suffered by its members due to the non-delivery of oncological remedies, lack of prostheses, operations that are delayed, expensive remedies that are not covered at 100%, plus that are charged in medical care in some places, difficulties of many retirees who must travel several km to be attended etc and that have their origin in the traditional dispossession of our contributions - by the different political leaderships - both in ANSES, which we contribute throughout our working lives, and in the INSSJP (PAMI), which we finance from the moment we start working until the end of our lives. Violence and mistreatment is trying to contribute to solving the economic crisis exacerbated by the pandemic with savings from adjustments to retirement and pensions as required by the IMF, and defunding the pension system.

OUR FIVE BASIC POINTS

- 1°. Minimum retirement not less than the Basic Basket of the Elderly calculated by the Ombudsman for the Third Age of CABA.
 - 2°. 82% mobile on the salary of the active worker in the same position, trade or function and the recomposition according to the work history of each worker with recomposition of all scales.
 - 3°. Creation of the National Institute of Social Welfare, which will function as a non-profit, non-state public law entity, with self-sufficiency and legal, financial, accounting and administrative economic autonomy, directed and managed, as established by the National Constitution, by its stakeholders, which are the representatives of active workers, retirees and the participation of the State.
 - 4°. Normalization of the INSSJP (PAMI), putting an end to the Intervention and updating all those concepts corresponding to social benefits, guaranteeing equitable, effective and timely coverage of the beneficiaries, whatever their place of residence.
 - 5°. Housing in Comodato for retirees and pensioners, 10 (ten) percent of the housing units whose construction is financed directly or indirectly, totally or partially, with funds from the National Treasury.
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GERONT LIFE NOTE

Dr. Eugenio Semino - Ombudsman for the Elderly - President of the Ibero-American Society of Gerontology and Geriatrics (SIGG)

Without unions, without parity, without the possibility of carrying out forceful measures that affect the productive apparatus, the retired and pensioned sector has been subjected to a constant deterioration of its economic situation for decades.

In recent years, the trend of wanting to counteract this deterioration through the sporadic granting of bonuses that are not added to the credit and that do not obey any other logic than that of "throwing a bone" to retirees every time the situation has become chronic. due to the rise in inflation, it becomes too evident.

Every time a bonus is announced, a back-and-forth media and political mechanism is put into operation with respect to its usefulness. Does it work or does it not work? Does it really impact the objective situation of those who receive it? Is it little? Should it be more? All questions and discussions that do not affect the underlying issue.

What good is a one-time \$12,000 bonus to someone who is almost \$70,000 short of what they would need to have a decent life? And if in four months they grant you another similar bonus, does anything change in your objective situation?

The answers to these questions are obvious. Discussing bonuses is a waste of time that helps mask the real problem, which is the credit itself. What needs to be discussed is the reconstitution of that asset. A reconstitution that not only has to be carried out in the name of the retired men and women of today but also of those of tomorrow. For this reconstitution to be possible, it is necessary to establish a parameter, even if it is not initially a long-term objective. In this sense, we propose that the Basic Basket of Retirees be taken as a reference to establish a floor for the amount of the minimum retirement, currently the Basic Basket triples the minimum retirement. And that the entire scale of retirements, including the minimum ones, be adjusted following the three highest parities of the year.

It should be a commitment of all present and future government administrations to agree on the means to reasonably achieve said objective, making gradual increases in credit that are integrated into it and that allow the retiree to recover real purchasing power against inflation. Retired men and women add up to almost seven million people, something like 12% of the total population of the country. The general economic situation is not resolved, neither on the left nor on the right, if the reality of the sector is not addressed.

ROSARY SUBSIDIARY

On May 5th we participated in the "Enrique Gigena" Regional Meeting of Retirees in San Nicolas with cpr@s from San Nicolás and the National Board

- We made a document that we have widely disseminated.

On May 13, the PAMI Anniversary, we held a rally at the PAMI Rosario headquarters.

We are in the 21st century. There are advances, sometimes by leaps, in the scientific-technical field, in production methods and work organization. - Its benefits must be distributed among all sectors of society and not only among privileged sectors. -

Therefore, we must improve the rights of workers and popular sectors, and not think of new and greater sacrifices, retrogressively modifying Labor Legislation, Social Security, Education, etc.- In terms of Retirement, we reject any attempt to return to the AFJP or any similar variant. -There are Rights and Obligations

The Rights for which we fight, are of the Retired and Pensioned people, but also of the Workers.

Current, who should be interested in what Law they will Retire when it corresponds to them, and out of solidarity since, although Retired, we are still Workers. -

Furthermore, it is up to the Trade Union Leaders and the Workers' Centrals, who should be at the head of these struggles, joining those who accompany our demands and mobilizations. -

WE SAY ENOUGH kneeling before the IMF, there is a situation that requires the broadest popular organization and unity of action, we must prevent the adjustment from falling once again on the Working People, as is happening today, that the Debt is paid by those who Indebted the Country and also Enriched with Looting. -

CHACO SUBSIDIARY

In our province, 80% of retirees receive the minimum amount.

Due to this, there is a lot of concern about the payment of the bonus to PAMI general practitioners and medical specialists.

Our subsidiary held three meetings with the PAMI Directorate, to deal especially with this issue. In September 2021, a regulation was made on this subject in the PAMI, which was publicly announced in March of this year by the Presidency and by the Comptroller of the Institution, but it is not fulfilled in its entirety.

Together with the Public Transport Retiree Center and the National Retiree Center, we held three meetings with 5 Retiree Centers, with the participation of some 50 people with an excellent debate.

We also held four meetings with the Medical College, provider of the PAMI, to discuss these issues and we added Health and geriatrics, agreeing to create a space in the College between professionals and members of the Retirement Centers, which is in the process of being formed. of the Province, where lack of protection is complex.

We normally hold these meetings with the participation of three Retiree Centers and the Board.

For some time now, we have achieved a Retiree Space, from 11 a.m. to 11:50 a.m. on Radio Independencia, which has been operating normally since February of this year. We also have, once a week, a report on Radio Natagala, which is connected with Resistance Channel 2. In this way, since March we go out on the radio and at 8:00 p.m. they broadcast the interview on the Channel.

Second Regional Conference of the International Trade Union Union of Retirees and Pensioners of F-S.M. of the Americas region.

During April 28 and 29 of this year, the second Conference of the TUI of Retirees and Pensioners of the World Federation of Trade Unions of the countries belonging to the American Continent was held in the City of Havana, Cuba. Our National Coordinating Table of Retired and Pensioned Organizations was represented by its Secretary General Marcos Wolman, and its Deputy Secretary Manuel Gutierrez.

Delegates from Argentina, Brazil, Colombia, Cuba, Chile, Ecuador, El Salvador, USA, Guatemala, Honduras, Mexico, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Puerto Rico, Uruguay, and more than 50 guests from the region and leaders of the TUI PYJ WSF from various countries.

With the presence of the President and the message of the Secretary General of the TUI PYJ of the WSF, comrades Dimos Kampouris and Quim Boix, in the interventions and deliberations of the delegates, information and experiences were exchanged on the situation of retirements and pensions of the different countries of America.

In them it was clear that, with the exception of socialist Cuba, the pension systems in the capitalist world are subjected to processes of permanent destruction, the pension reform is one of the main objectives of the IMF, the World Bank and the whole of the pro-institutional framework. - capitalist.

This pension reform, together with the labor reform, seeks to optimize the profits of the capitalists, lowering the

labor cost also implies reducing the income of retirees and the rights to health and housing.

These circumstances reaffirm the need to link the struggle of the active workers with the struggle of the retired workers.

The confrontation is expressed in a particular way in each country, but it is definitively framed in the international, world contradiction between capital and work.

The pension system is determined from a political project of country design, therefore, in this meeting the need to accumulate forces from the organizations of workers and retirees was reaffirmed for the immediate claims in terms of income, health, housing and the defense of all the rights of the workers; but at the same time pointing out that the horizon that should guide our actions must be located in confrontation with the logic of capital and the capitalists.

Therefore, as our organizations in each country become stronger, they favor the internationalist struggles of the workers in general, while the international struggles favor the national organizations. If the capitalist class has globalized the offensive against the working class, we workers must globalize the internationalist counteroffensive.

The Conference adopted certain resolutions for the group of countries in the region to promote the seven common points of struggle in America approved in our Congress and the strengthening of Coordination. What we sum-

marize to continuación.

Defense of a public distribution system, assisted by the State, intergenerational, the fight against privatized systems, a public system financed by the State, the contributions of the workers and those from the employers. The contribution made by the workers are deferred salaries, the retirement salary must be a substitute for the updated average of the best salaries and its updating according to the mobility of salaries in the same position, trade or function.

The minimum retirement salary should not be less than the basic basket of an older person. Retirement funds must be administered by representatives of active workers, retirees, and the participation of the State. A public health system in accordance with the needs of this stage of life, decent housing with financial aid and state plans for retirees.

Together with the Secretary of Organization Antonio Forero, the Secretary of Propaganda Lisímaco Velasco, the Coordinator of America Marcos Wolman, it was decided

to integrate the Coordination of America with the Coordinators of the South American subregions; from Mexico, Central America and the Caribbean; and from North America and with companions for the various Secretariats of the TUI PYJ of WSF.

We want to highlight the important role of the CTC Central de Trabajadores de Cuba, for the successful development of the Conference, the participation of organizations of retirees from Cuba, the meeting with the Secretary General of the CTC, with the Ministries and state agencies dedicated to older Cubans And the participation in two important events in subsequent days: the massive and impressive mobilization of May Day and the International Meeting of Solidarity with Cuba, highlighting international solidarity with the struggle of the Cuban people facing the aggressiveness of US imperialism with the intensification of the blockade against the heroic revolutionary and socialist Cuba.



MOI RETIRED CENTER

On Monday, May 2, we carried out two important activities, with other organizations, to present in Congress, for the third time, the National Law Project for Self-Managed Social Production of Habitat Popular

Self-management, which is the way in which cooperatives that belong to various organizations such as the Moi or the Territorial Liberation Movement build homes for their associates through a system where the resources that the state allocates to housing cooperatives are self-managed without a housing company. through what we call "Mutual Aid", where the members of the same allocate an agreed time in the construction of their homes. In addition, work cooperatives belonging to the organizations are formed. This results in that, on the one hand, costs are considerably lowered and workers can be paid above the agreements established by the unions. This law that we are promoting at the national level is so that throughout the country it can be replicated what in Caba is Law 341, of which the Moi together with other organizations were decisive actors in its implementation and which contemplates not only the credit to build but also the adjudication of the land. In short, self-management is a system of social and economic organization where associates internally manage resources and make decisions through democratic consensus.

RETIRED TEACHERS: NO INCREASE IN THE MONTH OF JUNE

In 2005, the CTERA announced with great fanfare that we retired teachers had recovered 82%, after discounting another 2% for pension contributions, which went from 11 to 13%. But since the bureaucracy usually tells the half-truth, they omitted to say that that 82% was the salary at termination and that retirement would not be automatically adjusted when active teachers received a raise. For increases, the RIPDOC (Average Teacher Taxable Remuneration) is applied twice a year, in March and September, according to what was collected by ANSES in the previous semester. It should be noted that this calculation is a taboo, the aforementioned institution does it according to figures that it manages and that nobody controls.

In December 2021, the government gave us an advance of 14.61%, on account of the March Ripdoc, to lessen the impact that excessive inflation had on our assets. It was to be expected that in a context of higher increases, in June/2022 it would take the same measure, but it was not. So far this year we only had a 9.38% increase while inflation is around 30%. In other words, we have already lost 20 points and we still have to wait until September. This can only be explained within the framework of the adjustment imposed by the IMF, but it is not the only way that it adjusts to our sector. Retirees who won the lawsuits to apply the mobile 82%, as a rule of law 24016 (still in force since it was

repealed by the regulatory decree, which is questionable) collect the retroactive but see their assets frozen. ANSES interprets that the increase by RIPDOC does not correspond to them and argues that it does not have the information of the eleven provinces that transferred their boxes to make the readjustments effective. Given this, the solution is to carry out an administrative procedure, which consists of requesting the updating of the credit in their respective jurisdictions and which takes at least one year.

To understand how this labyrinth came about, which of course is to the detriment of the workers, we must take into account the educational decentralization carried out with the State's bilge policies, which broke the unity of teaching. The slogan raised in the 1970s: "equal pay for equal work" gradually faded away as educational systems moved to the provinces. It is worth paraphrasing the old adage: divide and adjust, proof of this are the retrograde reforms that were applied in the province of Córdoba in 2020, in the midst of a pandemic and that went almost unnoticed.

We should not passively endure this situation. From the ADEMYS Retirement Commission we call for unity and struggle, otherwise they will apply new adjustments.

Japan Association Center

At the Japanese Association Retirement Center we went through the stage of the pandemic with ups and downs. In March 2020, we canceled specialized gym classes for older adults, cultural activities, and gateball matches, a Japanese game similar to cricket, at the sports center. We slowly started to test the intercommunication by digital means. Retirees from the Center from other countries also participated in the talks and conferences of general interest via zoom. From Japan, through JICA, a government body for international cultural cooperation in that country, we received information to access subsidies for community entities for the prevention of Covid, health care instructions, games and digital recreational materials in Japanese and Spanish that we forwarded to everyone who had an email. For people who did not have access to the internet, we organized a chain of calls to the landline to keep in touch. Even so, the pandemic was difficult to overcome and there were consequences, especially in mental health. There are people who, despite being vaccinated, are reluctant to leave their homes.

At the end of 2021 we started some face-to-face meetings outdoors in the Association's sports center and we inaugurated La Casita de los Jubilados in March 2022. It is a deposit that was recovered and refurbished within the property that has four hectares. Several members of the Center proposed to make an organic garden because we have enough land available. It is a proposal that is under study due to the characteristics of the soil.

At the headquarters we started some activities sporadically.

We restart the procedures interrupted by the epidemic to have all the Center's papers in order to enroll in PAMI and ANSES.

There are groups interested in organizing reading workshops, recreational games and theater. All our activities are open to residents and retirees in general and are in no way limited to people belonging to the Japanese community.

PENSION MORATORIUM

On July 23, Law 26970 expires, on the Pension Moratorium, which enables women between 60 and 64 years of age to complete their pension contributions prior to 2003, in order to access a minimum retirement. We know that this right is not limited only to receiving a credit, it also means having the coverage of a social work.

The Coordinating Table participated on June 13, in the mock Public Hearing convened by Deputy Gisela Marziotta, on the occasion of the presentation of the Draft Law for the Extension of the Retirement Moratorium, of her authorship. It contemplates the much-needed extension for women and incorporates, for a term of one year, with

option to another year for men. If approved, some 120,000 women would be eligible for retirement in the second half of the year, who are surely counting down the days to obtain it. We all know the reasons why measures of this type are essential and hence our support. Starting in the 1990s, with the Menem government, industries and state-owned companies were pulverized, leaving the hitherto economically active population without work and, therefore, without contributions to social security. As a result of this paradigm shift in the capitalist system, we find that currently 60% of people who are ten years or less from retirement age do not make pension contributions. We know that this measure is transitory until a new law is enacted and it is essential that, together with the law, its

financing be voted on, since it is the State, through its governments, that is responsible for the illegality of unregistered, precarious, unemployment, underemployment, defunding of the pension system, otherwise only misery will be distributed. It is essential to give legal coverage to the millions of workers that the system excluded and excludes, but the assets must allow a decent life. Otherwise, a broad coverage only leads to a subsidy for old age, which is the objective of the agreements with the IMF, at the service of the large dominant economic groups, for the payment of the illegitimate, fraudulent, odious external debt, and that it is not justice.

NORMALIZATION OF THE PAMI

Let's analyze the seriousness of the consequences of the growing deterioration of the INSSJYP-PAMI- Some situations that affect and are denounced on a daily basis:

* The INSSJP (PAMI) informs how care with specialists is processed.

The reality is that you must obtain an appointment with the head doctor, who makes the referral to specialists. Appointments for any specialty can take between sixty and ninety days!!

* The specialist delivers the order to perform analyzes and studies... The reality is that the analyzes and studies can take between sixty and ninety more days.

* If you end up entering the system for an emergency...

The reality is that emergencies themselves may not be attended to. Ambulances arrive late or never arrive.

It is true that we do not find ourselves in this situation from one day to the next. The story is characterized by the Intervention, without limit, to the INSSJYP-PAMI- by the Executive Power on duty. It is necessary to put an end to the Intervention and the successive arbitrarily designated authorities.

The body has to be normalized and its board of directors must be made up of representatives of active workers, retirees and the State, as established by Law 19032 (created in 1971) and our normalization bill, which we will return to to present.

MARCH CALLED BY THE "SELF-CALLING FOR THE SUSPENSION PAYMENT AND INVESTIGATION OF THE FOREIGN DEBT"



MARCH 1575 IN FRONT OF THE NATIONAL CONGRESS

Within the framework of the International Day of Awareness of Abuse and Mistreatment of Older Adults on Wednesday, June 15, a Day of Struggle was held with the presence and words of Retiree Centers, Trade Unions, Social Organizations and Defender Personalities of the Human Rights of Retirees, Pensioners and Older Persons.

All stated that the greatest mistreatment suffered by the majority of retirees and pensioners is due to the assets they receive, which barely reach a third of a Basic Basket of an Elderly Adult, as well as due to poor health care and substantive solutions are required. They agreed by show of hands on a plan of struggle for the five points, (which are contained in the three bills) and an emergency increase in all scales.



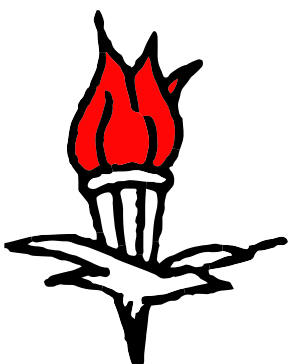
EVER ONWARD TO VICTORY!!!!

WITH DEEP EMOTION AND GREAT PAIN, WE SAY FAREWELL TO OUR PARTNERS, LEADERS OF THE COORDINATING TABLE, ENRIQUE GIGENA AND MARCOS LEVI. THEY HAVE PASSED AWAY. LIFETIME FIGHTING COMPANIONS, "THE ESSENTIALS" IN THE WORDS OF THE POET BERTOLT BRECHT. A VALUABLE EXPERIENCE OF MILITANCE THAT IMPREGNATED OUR DAILY ACTIONS, AND SO WE EXPRESSED IT ON WEDNESDAY 1566 IN FRONT OF CONGRESS, WITH A MINUTE OF APPLAUSE AND THE COMMITMENT TO CONTINUE THE STRUGGLE WITH AN "UNTIL LA VICTORIA ALWAYS!!" OUR SOLIDARITY, A LOT OF STRENGTH AND A BIG HUG TO THEIR RESPECTIVE COMPANIONS OLGA AND NELLY AND FAMILIES.

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